



# TEST REPORT

Reference No..... : WTX23X05117108W007  
Manufacturer..... : Xontel Technology Company  
Address..... : Kuwait City Aladel Tower,F21 QIBLA  
Product Name..... : WIFI Phone  
Model No..... : XT-16W  
Standards..... : ETSI EN 303 345-1 V1.1.1 (2019-06)  
ETSI EN 303 345-3 V1.1.1 (2021-06)  
Date of Receipt sample..... : 2023-05-30  
Date of Test..... : 2023-05-30 to 2023-07-04  
Date of Issue..... : 2023-07-05  
Test Report Form No. .... : WTX\_ETSI EN 303 345\_1\_2019W  
Test Result..... : Pass

Remarks:

The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested, this test report cannot be reproduced, except in full, without prior written permission of the company. The report would be invalid without specific stamp of test institute and the signatures of approver.

Prepared By:

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Report version

Version No.	Date of issue	Description
Rev.00	2023-07-05	Original
/	/	/

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## 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

### 1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

General Description of EUT	
Product Name:	WIFI Phone
Trade Name:	Xontel
Model No.:	XT-16W
Adding Model(s):	/
Rated Voltage:	DC3.7V
Battery Capacity:	2000mAh
Adapter Model:	CT-083 Input:AC110-240 50/60Hz 0.2A Output:DC5V1.0A
Software Version:	/
Hardware Version:	/
<i>Note: The test data is gathered from a production sample, provided by the manufacturer.</i>	

Technical Characteristics of EUT	
Frequency Range:	87.5~108.0MHz Receiving



## 1.2 Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

**ETSI EN 303 345-1 V1.1.1 (2019-06):** Broadcast Sound Receivers; Part 1: Generic requirements and measuring methods.

**ETSI EN 303 345-3 V1.1.1 (2021-06):** Broadcast Sound Receivers; Part 2: FM broadcast sound service; Harmonised Standard for access to radio spectrum.

**Maintenance of compliance** is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product maybe which result in lowering the immunity should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained.

## 1.3 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ETSI EN 303 345, the equipment under test (EUT) was configured to measure its highest possible emission level. For more detail refer to the Operating Instructions.

## 1.4 Test Facility

### Address of the test laboratory

Laboratory: Waltek Testing Group (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

Address: 1/F., Room 101, Building 1, Hongwei Industrial Park, Liuxian 2nd Road, Block 70 Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

### FCC – Registration No.: 125990

Waltek Testing Group (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. The Designation Number is CN5010, and Test Firm Registration Number is 125990.

### Industry Canada (IC) Registration No.: 11464A

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of Waltek Testing Group (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 11464A.



## 1.5 EUT Setup and Test Mode

The equipment under test (EUT) was configured to measure its highest possible emission/immunity level. The test modes were adapted according to the operation manual for use, the EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Rx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements, more detailed description as follows:

Test Mode List		
Test Mode	Description	Remark
TM1	FM	98MHz

Test Conditions	
Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	45 %.
ATM Pressure:	1019 mbar

Special Cable List and Details			
Cable Description	Length (m)	Shielded/Unshielded	With / Without Ferrite
/	/	/	/

EUT Cable List and Details			
Cable Description	Length (m)	Shielded/Unshielded	With / Without Ferrite
/	/	/	/

Auxiliary Equipment List and Details			
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number
/	/	/	/





1.6 Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty		
Parameter	Uncertainty	Note
Sensitivity	0.82 dB	(1)
Receiver adjacent channel selectivity and blocking	1.25 dB	(1)

(1) This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=1.96.

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## 1.7 Test Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal Date	Due Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	US47140102	2023-02-25	2024-02-24
Signal Generator	Agilent	83752A	3610A01453	2023-02-25	2024-02-24
Vector Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY47070202	2023-02-25	2024-02-24
Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	MY54250019	2023-02-25	2024-02-24
Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	MY54250021	2023-02-25	2024-02-24
Simultaneous Sampling	Agilent	U2531A	TW54243509	2023-02-25	2024-02-24
Communication Tester	HP	8921A	/	2023-02-25	2024-02-24
Temperature&Humidity Chamber	/	HTC-1	/	2023-02-25	2024-02-24
Universal Radio Communication Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	148650	2023-02-25	2024-02-24
<input type="checkbox"/> Chamber A: Below 1GHz					
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP30	836079/035	2023-02-25	2024-02-24
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESVB	825471/005	2023-02-25	2024-02-24
Amplifier	HP	8447F	2805A03475	2023-02-25	2024-02-24
Loop Antenna	Schwarz beck	FMZB 1516	9773	2021-03-20	2024-03-19
Trilog Broadband Antenna	Schwarz beck	VULB9163	9163-333	2023-03-20	2026-03-19
<input type="checkbox"/> Chamber A: Above 1GHz					
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP30	836079/035	2023-02-25	2024-02-24
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP40	100612	2023-02-25	2024-02-24
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESVB	825471/005	2023-02-25	2024-02-24
Amplifier	C&D	PAP-1G18	14918	2023-02-25	2024-02-24
Horn Antenna	ETS	3117	00086197	2021-03-19	2024-03-18
DRG Horn Antenna	A.H. SYSTEMS	SAS-574	571	2021-03-19	2024-03-18
Pre-amplifier	Schwarzbeck	BBV 9721	9721-031	2023-02-25	2024-02-24
<input type="checkbox"/> Chamber B:Below 1GHz					
Trilog Broadband Antenna	Schwarz beck	VULB9163(B)	9163-635	2021-04-09	2024-04-08
Amplifier	Agilent	8447D	2944A10179	2023-02-25	2024-02-24
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESPI	101391	2023-02-25	2024-02-24
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Chamber C:Below 1GHz					
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESIB 26	100401	2023-02-25	2024-02-24
Trilog Broadband Antenna	Schwarz beck	VULB 9168	1194	2021-05-28	2024-05-27





Amplifier	HP	8447F	2944A03869	2023-02-25	2024-02-24
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Chamber C: Above 1GHz					
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESIB 26	100401	2023-02-25	2024-02-24
Horn Antenna	POAM	RTF-11A	LP228060221	2023-03-10	2026-03-09
Amplifier	Tonscend	TAP01018050	AP22E806235	2023-02-25	2024-02-24

Software List			
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Version
EMI Test Software (Radiated Emission)*	Farad	EZ-EMC	RA-03A1

\*Remark: indicates software version used in the compliance certification testing.

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2. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Standards	Reference	Description of Test Item	Result
ETSI EN 303 345-3	4.2	Sensitivity	Pass
	4.3	Receiver adjacent channel Selectivity and blocking	Pass
	4.4	Unwanted emissions in the spurious domain	Pass
Pass: The EUT complies with the essential requirements in the standard. Fail: The EUT does not comply with the essential requirements in the standard.			

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### 3. Sensitivity

#### 3.1 Definition and Limit

The receiver sensitivity is the minimum wanted signal level required to provide a given level of audio quality.

The limits for sensitivity specified in table 2 shall apply. Each figure quoted is the required level of wanted signal which provides a given level of audio quality. The audio impairment criteria relevant for these tests is that the audio SNR  $\geq 40$  dBQ ref  $\pm 60,8$  kHz deviation, and that there shall be 10 seconds of audio with no subjective impairments (e.g. clicks resulting from FM threshold effects).

**Table 2: FM sensitivity requirements**

De-modulation	Tuned frequency band	Wanted signal centre frequency (MHz)	Required sensitivity limit	
			Conducted (dBm)	Radiated (dB $\mu$ V/m)
FM	VHF band II	98	-90	50 (see note)

NOTE: For products with an integral antenna, the requirement is relaxed to 67 dB $\mu$ V/m.

#### 3.2 Test Procedure

- 1) The 'unwanted' signal generator remains switched off for the duration of the test.
- 2) The 'wanted' signal generator is set to the required modulation method, test signal configuration and centre frequency. The signal level is adjusted with the modulation disabled to the required sensitivity level plus 6 dB, as measured at ©. The modulation is enabled.
- 3) The receiver is tuned to the frequency of the 'wanted' signal generator. For a receiver without a digital frequency display, the receiver shall be tuned for optimum THD+N (i.e. as it would be tuned by a user for best quality). The receiver's audio level shall be set so as to provide clean 1 kHz audio tone at the audio output (that is less than 10 % total harmonic distortion) but of sufficient level to drive the measurement device.
- 4) The level of the 'wanted' signal generator is reduced by 6 dB.
- 5) The audio output, measured using the measurement device, is recorded as the signal level, S.
- 6) The modulating audio signal for the 'wanted' signal generator is removed. The audio output, measured using the measurement device, is recorded as the noise level, N.

NOTE: Modulation is disabled when setting the power level to prevent sideband power from influencing the measurement. Sideband power is not considered when measuring the power of analogue signals.

#### 3.3 Summary of Test Results/Plots

De-modulation	Wanted signal centre frequency	Wanted signal (dB $\mu$ V/m)	S (dBQ)	N (dBQ)	SNR (dBQ)	Impairment criteria	Result
FM	98MHz	67	72.65	21.42	51.23	SNR $\geq 40$ dBQ	Pass





## 4. Adjacent channel selectivity and blocking

### 4.1 Definition and Limit

The adjacent channel selectivity at a given frequency separation, is the ratio of the maximum unwanted signal level to the wanted signal level necessary to provide a given level of audio quality. The wanted and unwanted signals are of the same modulation type.

The blocking ratio is a measure of the capability of the receiver to receive a wanted modulated signal without exceeding a given degradation due to the presence of an unwanted input signal at a given frequency separation. The wanted and unwanted signals are of different modulation types.

In order to provide effective use of spectrum, devices shall be able to demodulate the tuned signal in the presence of similar signals in adjacent channels. In addition, testing shall also be performed to check the ability of the receiver to work effectively with interfering signals at a greater separation from the wanted signal (blocking).

The channel spacings specified in table 3 shall apply.

**Table 3: Channel spacing for adjacent channel selectivity and blocking**

Demodulation	Tuned frequency	Unwanted frequency	Unwanted frequency
FM	VHF band II	$\pm N \times 100\text{kHz}$	$\pm 800\text{kHz}$

The limits for selectivity and blocking specified in table 4 shall apply with the channel spacings given in table 3. Each figure quoted is the minimum acceptable level of unwanted signal, relative to that of the wanted signal, which provides a given level of audio quality. The audio impairment criteria relevant for these tests is that the audio SNR  $\geq 40$  dBQ ref  $\pm 60,8$  kHz deviation, and that there shall be 10 seconds of audio with no subjective impairments (e.g. clicks resulting from FM threshold effects). Table 8: Adjacent channel selectivity and blocking requirements

De-modulation	Tuned frequency band	C Wanted signal centre frequency	C Wanted signal level		Required I/C ratio (see notes 1 and 2)			
			Conducted (dBm)	Radiated (dB $\mu$ V/m)	N = 2 (dB)	N = 3 (dB)	N = 4 (dB)	Blocking (dB)
FM (built-in or Integral antenna)	VHF band II	98	n/a	56 (see note 4)	-15	-3	8	20
FM (external antenna)	VHF band II	98	-84	n/a	3	17	30	30



NOTE 1: The ACS and blocking requirements are currently separated into different limits for radiated and conducted testing methods. These limits are likely to be unified in a future revision of the present document. Users of the present document should consult frequently the latest list published in the Official Journal of the European Union.

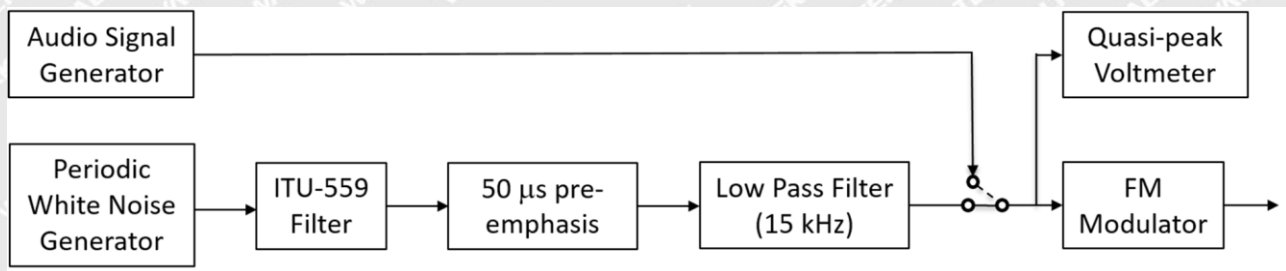
NOTE 2: The frequency of the interferer shall be calculated using the channel spacing data in table 3 for each of the 6 defined adjacent channels  $N = \{-4, -3, -2, +2, +3, +4\}$  and the two blocking offsets. Each row of table 4 thus defines 8 individual tests.

NOTE 3: The minimum level of I for the relevant level of impairment is calculated by adding the I/C ratio to the wanted C level.

NOTE 4: The wanted signal level for receivers with integral antenna is 73 dB $\mu$ V/m.

## 4.2 Test Procedure

The means of generating the noise modulation for FM 'unwanted' signals is shown in figure 6. It is feasible to use a PC to generate these signals, but care is needed to ensure freedom from out-of-band artifacts.



NOTE: The low pass filter has a cut-off frequency of 15 kHz and a minimum roll-off of 60 dB/octave.

Figure B.1: Block diagram for hardware generated test signal

Care needs to be exercised in setting up the modulation level. Normally a quasi-peak detector is appropriate. A useful

technique for FM is to switch off the pre-emphasis and then apply a 1 kHz audio tone to the modulation input of the

generator. The tone is adjusted in level to achieve 19 kHz peak deviation. The tone is measured with an RMS voltmeter and replaced with noise of the same RMS voltage. With the pre-emphasis restored, the deviation should now be 34,9 kHz quasi-peak or 14,6 kHz RMS:

- 1) The 'wanted' signal generator is set to the required modulation method, test signal configuration, and centre frequency. The signal level is adjusted with the modulation disabled to the specified wanted signal level, as measured at ©, with the 'unwanted' generator switched off.
- 2) The 'unwanted' signal generator is set to the required modulation method, test signal configuration, and centre frequency calculated from the wanted signal centre frequency and the required frequency offset. The signal level is adjusted with the modulation disabled to provide the level calculated from the wanted signal level and the required level offset, as measured at ©, with the 'wanted' generator switched off.
- 3) The 'wanted' signal generator is switched back on. Modulation is enabled for both signal generators.
- 4) The receiver is tuned to the frequency of the 'wanted' signal generator. For a receiver without a digital frequency display, the receiver shall be tuned for optimum THD+N (i.e. as it would be tuned by a user for best quality). The receiver's audio level shall be set so as to provide clean 1 kHz audio tone at the audio output





(minimum distortion, that is typically less than 3 % total harmonic distortion, but no more than 10 % total harmonic distortion) but of sufficient level to drive the measurement device.

5) The audio output, measured using the measurement device, is recorded as the signal level, S.

6) The modulating audio signal for the 'wanted' signal generator is removed. The audio output, measured using the measurement device, is recorded as the noise level, N.

NOTE: Modulation is disabled when setting the power levels to prevent sideband power from influencing the measurement. Sideband power is not considered when measuring the power of analogue signals.

#### 4.3 Summary of Test Results/Plots

Wanted signal centre frequency	Wanted signal level(dBμV/m)	Unwanted signal level(dBμV/m)	Unwanted signal Frequency (MHz)	S (dBQ)	N (dBQ)	SNR (dBQ)	Impairment criteria (dBQ)
98MHz	73	58	98.2	72.05	21.43	50.62	SNR≥40
		70	98.3	72.82	21.45	51.38	SNR≥40
		81	98.4	72.35	21.24	51.12	SNR≥40
		93	98.8	71.74	21.19	50.55	SNR≥40
		58	97.8	71.94	20.99	50.95	SNR≥40
		70	97.7	72.74	21.71	51.03	SNR≥40
		81	97.6	72.58	21.10	51.48	SNR≥40
		93	97.2	73.41	21.24	52.16	SNR≥40





## 5. Unwanted emissions in the spurious domain

### 5.1 Definition and Limit

Spurious domain radiated and conducted (differential voltage) emissions from the equipment.

The limits for conducted (differential voltage) spurious domain emissions for an external RF port are specified in

EN 55032 [4], table A.13, clause 13.3 for all receivers except car radios, or clause 13.4 for car radios.

The limits for radiated spurious domain emissions are specified in EN 55032 [4], tables A.4, A5 and A6.

FM (External antenna):

**Table A.13 – Requirements for conducted differential voltage emissions from Class B equipment**

Applicable to						
1. TV broadcast receiver tuner ports (3.1.8) with an accessible connector						
2. RF modulator output ports (3.1.29)						
3. FM broadcast receiver tuner ports (3.1.8) with an accessible connector						
Table clause	Frequency range MHz	Detector type/ bandwidth	Class B limits dB(μV) 75 Ω			Applicability
			Other	Local Oscillator Fundamental	Local Oscillator Harmonics	
A13.1	30 to 950	For frequencies ≤1 GHz	46	46	46	See <sup>a</sup>
	950 to 2 150		46	54	54	
A13.2	950 to 2 150	Quasi Peak/ 120 kHz	46	54	54	See <sup>b</sup>
A13.3	30 to 300		46	54	50	See <sup>c</sup>
	300 to 1 000				52	
A13.4	30 to 300	For frequencies ≥1 GHz	46	66	59	See <sup>d</sup>
	300 to 1 000				52	
A13.5	30 to 950	Peak/ 1 MHz	46	76	46	See <sup>e</sup>
	950 to 2 150			n/a	54	

<sup>a</sup> Television receivers (analogue or digital), video recorders and PC TV broadcast receiver tuner cards working in channels between 30 MHz and 1 GHz, and digital audio receivers.

<sup>b</sup> Tuner units (not the LNB) for satellite signal reception.

<sup>c</sup> Frequency modulation audio receivers and PC tuner cards.

<sup>d</sup> Frequency modulation car radios.

<sup>e</sup> Applicable to FIJTs with RF modulator output ports (for example DVD equipment, video recorders, camcorders and decoders etc.) designed to connect to TV broadcast receiver tuner ports. Limits specified for the LO are for the RF modulator carrier signal and harmonics.

The term 'other' refers to all emissions other than the fundamental and the harmonics of the LO.

The measurement shall cover the entire frequency range.

The EUT shall be tuned in accordance with Table B.3 and clause C.4.2.1.



FM (Internal antenna)

**Table A.4 – Requirements for radiated emissions at frequencies up to 1 GHz for class B equipment**

Table clause	Frequency range MHz	Measurement			Class B limits dB(μV/m)
		Facility (see Table A.1)	Distance m	Detector type / bandwidth	
A4.1	30 to 230	OATS/SAC	10	Quasi Peak / 120 kHz	30
	230 to 1 000				37
A4.2	30 to 230	OATS/SAC	3	Quasi Peak / 120 kHz	40
	230 to 1 000				47
A4.3	30 to 230	FAR	10	Quasi Peak / 120 kHz	32 to 25
	230 to 1 000				32
A4.4	30 to 230	FAR	3	Quasi Peak / 120 kHz	42 to 35
	230 to 1 000				42

Apply only table clause A4.1 or A4.2 or A4.3 or A4.4 across the entire frequency range.

These requirements are not applicable to the local oscillator and harmonics frequencies of equipment covered by Table A.6.

**Table A.5 – Requirements for radiated emissions at frequencies above 1 GHz for class B equipment**

Table clause	Frequency range MHz	Measurement			Class B limits dB(μV/m)
		Facility (see Table A.1)	Distance m	Detector type/ bandwidth	
A5.1	1 000 to 3 000	FSOATS	3	Average/ 1 MHz	50
	3 000 to 6 000				54
A5.2	1 000 to 3 000			Peak/ 1 MHz	70
	3 000 to 6 000				74

Apply A5.1 and A5.2 across the frequency range from 1 000 MHz to the highest required frequency of measurement derived from Table 1.

**Table A.6 – Requirements for radiated emissions from FM receivers**

Table Clause	Frequency Range MHz	Facility (see Table A.1)	Distance m	Detector type / Bandwidth	Class B Limit dB(μV/m)	
					Fundamental	Harmonics
A6.1	30 to 230	OATS/SAC	10	Quasi Peak / 120 kHz	50	42
	230 to 300					42
	300 to 1 000					46
A6.2	30 to 230	OATS/SAC	3	Quasi Peak / 120 kHz	60	52
	230 to 300					52
	300 to 1 000					56
A6.3	30 to 230	FAR	10	Quasi Peak / 120 kHz	52 to 45	44 to 37
	230 to 300				45	37
	300 to 1 000				45	41
A6.4	30 to 230	FAR	3	Quasi Peak / 120 kHz	62 to 55	54 to 47
	230 to 300				55	47
	300 to 1 000				55	51

Apply only A6.1 or A6.2 or A6.3 or A6.4 across the entire frequency range.

These relaxed limits apply only to emissions at the fundamental and harmonic frequencies of the LO. Signals at all other frequencies shall be compliant with the limits given in Table A.4.



## 5.2 Test Procedure

Manufacturers shall provide a representative sample of the receiver system. The level of spurious emissions shall be measured according to EN 55032 [4], clause 6.3, clause 8, table A.1, clause A.8.5 in table A.8, annex B, clause C.2.1, clause C.2.2, clause C.2.3, clause C.3.1, clause C.3.2, clause C.3.3, clause C.3.4, clause C.3.7, clause C.4.2, clause C.4.4 and annex D and carried out by conducted (conducted differential voltage) emissions from an external RF port and/or radiated emissions from the cabinet and structure of the equipment (cabinet radiation).

If the limits given in clause 4.4.2 are met then the receiver has passed the unwanted emissions in the spurious domain requirement.

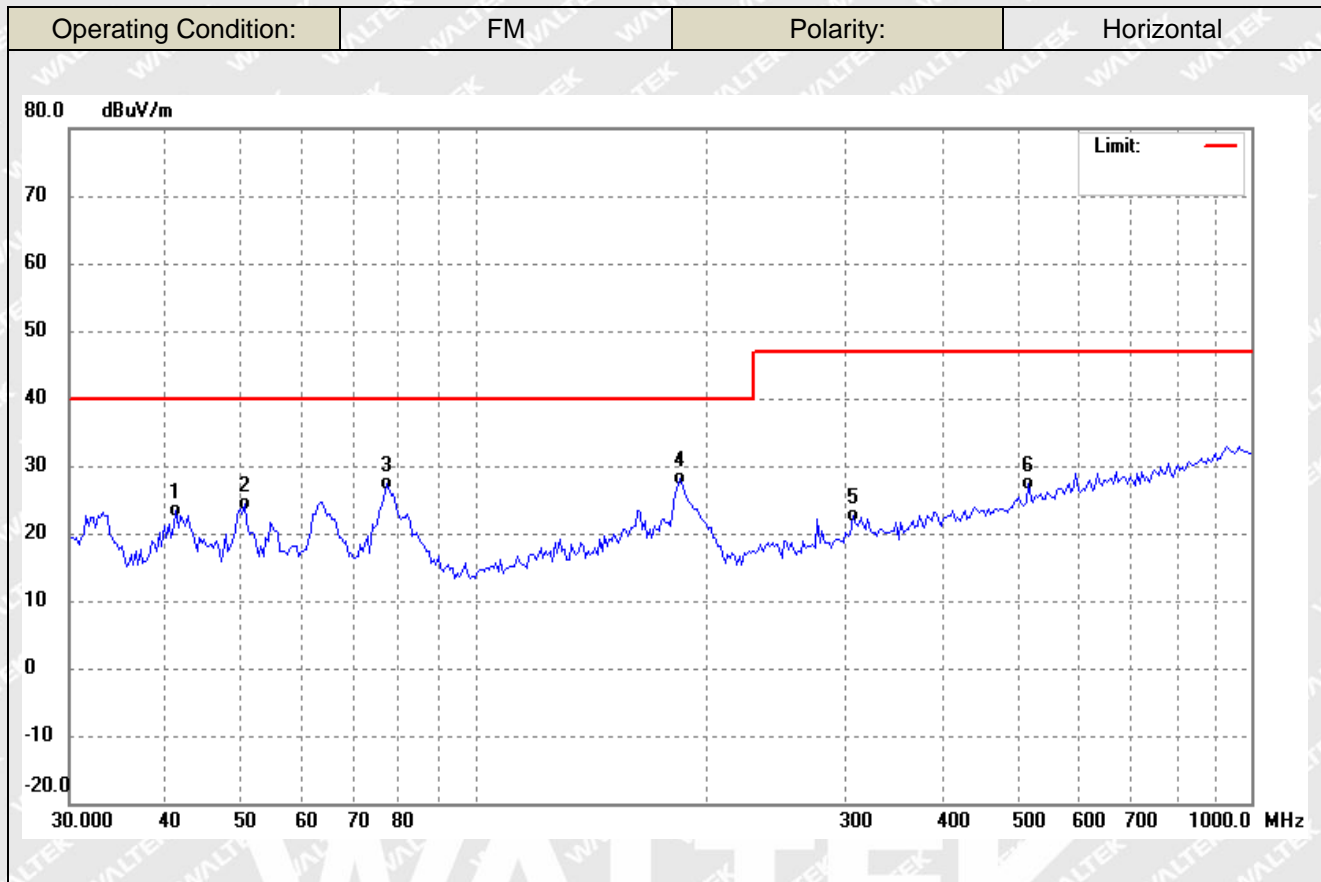
## 5.3 Summary of Test Results/Plots

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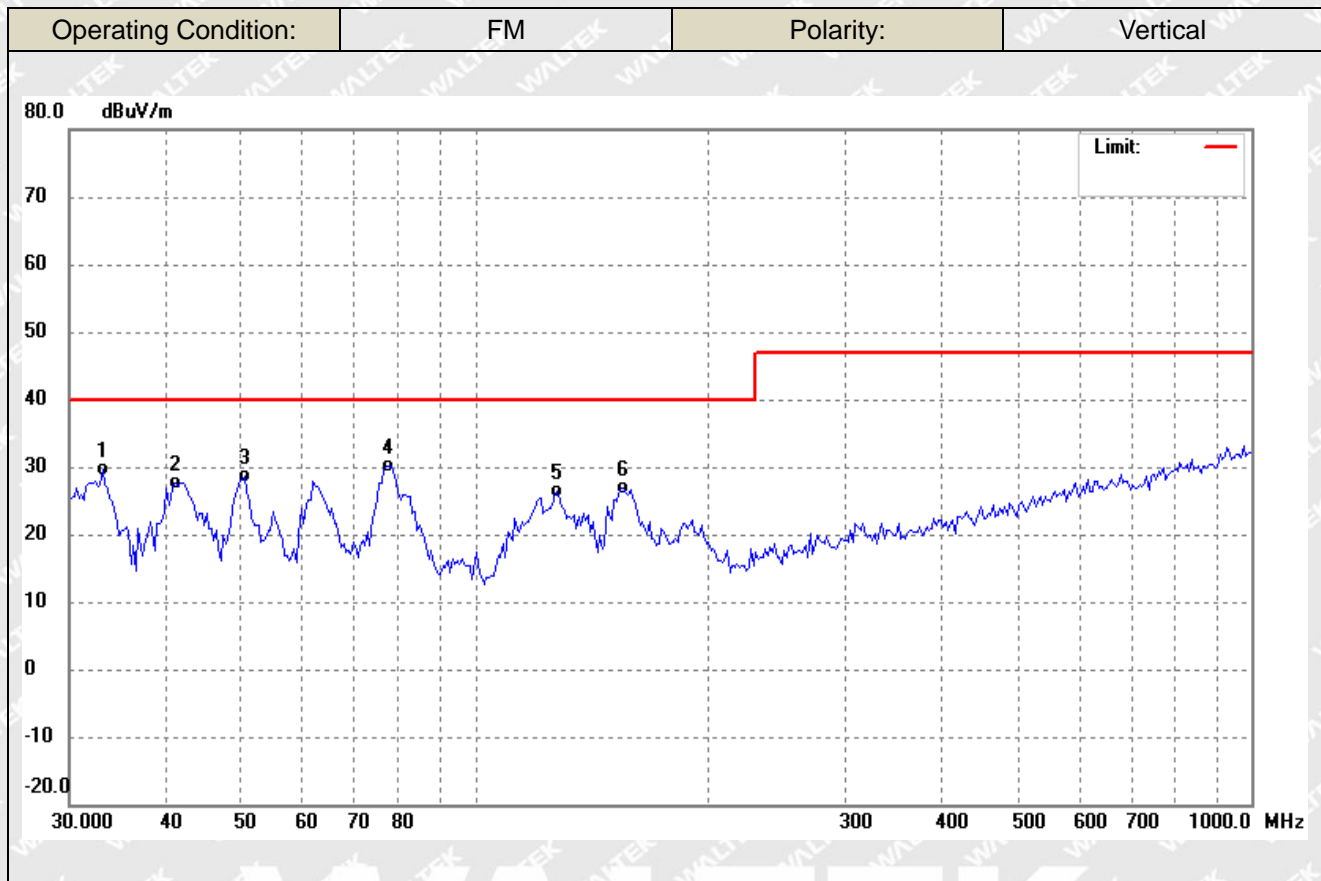




➤ From 30MHz To 1GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct dB/m	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ( )	Height (cm)	Remark
1	41.1581	31.76	-8.48	23.28	40.00	-16.72	-	-	QP
2	50.4614	32.59	-8.14	24.45	40.00	-15.55	-	-	QP
3	76.9256	39.66	-12.28	27.38	40.00	-12.62	-	-	QP
4	183.8660	38.87	-10.74	28.13	40.00	-11.87	-	-	QP
5	307.1053	30.78	-8.06	22.72	47.00	-24.28	-	-	QP
6	516.5651	30.99	-3.65	27.34	47.00	-19.66	-	-	QP



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct dB/m	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ( )	Height (cm)	Remark
1	33.1015	39.55	-9.80	29.75	40.00	-10.25	-	-	QP
2	41.1581	36.23	-8.48	27.75	40.00	-12.25	-	-	QP
3	50.4614	36.67	-8.14	28.53	40.00	-11.47	-	-	QP
4	76.9256	42.51	-12.28	30.23	40.00	-9.77	-	-	QP
5	127.5865	36.37	-10.01	26.36	40.00	-13.64	-	-	QP
6	154.2428	35.39	-8.60	26.79	40.00	-13.21	-	-	QP

Remark: '-' Means the test Degree and Height are not recorded by the test software and only show the worst case in the test report.



## EXHIBIT 1 - EUT PHOTOGRAPHS

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Please refer to “ANNEX”.

\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*

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